

H6. Residential – Terrace Housing and Apartment Buildings Zone

PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

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H6.1. Zone Description

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The Residential – Terrace Housing and Apartment Buildings Zone is a high-intensity zone enabling a greater intensity of development than previously provided for. This zone provides for urban residential living in the form of terrace housing and apartments. The zone is predominantly located around metropolitan, town and local centres and the public transport network to support the highest levels of intensification.

The purpose of the zone is to make efficient use of land and infrastructure, increase the capacity of housing and ensure that residents have convenient access to services, employment, education facilities, retail and entertainment opportunities, public open space and public transport. This will promote walkable neighbourhoods and increase the vitality of centres.

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The zone provides for the greatest density, height and scale of development of all the residential zones. Buildings are enabled up to five, six or seven storeys in identified Height Variation Control areas, depending on the scale of the adjoining centre, to achieve a transition in height from the centre to lower scale residential zones. This form of development will, over time, result in a change from a suburban to urban built character with a high degree of visual change.

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Standards are applied to all buildings and resource consent is required for all dwellings and for other specified buildings and activities in order to:

- achieve the planned urban built character of the zone;
- achieve attractive and safe streets and public open spaces;
- manage the effects of development on adjoining sites, including visual amenity, privacy and access to daylight and sunlight; and
- achieve high quality on-site living environments.

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The resource consent requirements enable the design and layout of the development to be assessed; recognising that the need to achieve a quality design is increasingly important as the scale of development increases.

This zone also provides for a range of non-residential activities so that residents have convenient access to these activities and services while maintaining the urban residential character of these areas.

H6.2. Objectives

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- (1) Land adjacent to centres and near the public transport network is efficiently used to provide high-density urban living that increases housing capacity and choice and access to centres and public transport.

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- (2) Development is in keeping with the areas planned urban built character of predominantly five, six or seven storey buildings in identified areas, in a variety of forms.
- (3) Development provides quality on-site residential amenity for residents and the street.
- (4) Non-residential activities provide for the community's social, economic and cultural well-being, while being compatible with the scale and intensity of development anticipated by the zone so as to contribute to the amenity of the neighbourhood.

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H6.3. Policies

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- (1) Enable a variety of housing types at high densities including terrace housing and apartments and integrated residential development such as retirement villages.
- (2) Require the height, bulk, form and appearance of development and the provision of setbacks and landscaped areas to achieve a high-density urban built character of predominantly five, six or seven storey buildings in identified areas, in a variety of forms.
- (3) Encourage development to achieve attractive and safe streets and public open spaces including by:
 - (a) providing for passive surveillance
 - (b) optimising front yard landscaping
 - (c) minimising visual dominance of garage doors.

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- (4) In identified locations adjacent to centres, enable greater building height through the application of the Height Variation Control where the additional development potential enabled:
 - (a) provides an appropriate transition in building scale from the adjoining higher density business zone to neighbouring lower intensity residential zones, and;
 - (b) supports public transport, social infrastructure and the vitality of the adjoining centre.
- (5) Manage the height and bulk of development to maintain daylight access and a reasonable standard of privacy, and to minimise visual dominance effects to adjoining sites and developments.

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(6) Require accommodation to be designed to meet the day to day needs of residents by:

- (a) providing privacy and outlook; and
- (b) providing access to daylight and sunlight, and providing the amenities necessary for those residents.

(10) Recognise the functional and operational requirements of activities and development.

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(7) Encourage accommodation to have useable and accessible outdoor living space.

(8) Restrict the maximum impervious area on a site in order to manage the amount of stormwater runoff generated by a development and ensure that adverse effects on water quality, quantity and amenity values are avoided or mitigated.

(9) Provide for non-residential activities that:

- (a) support the social and economic well-being of the community;
- (b) are in keeping with the with the scale and intensity of development anticipated within the zone;
- (c) avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects on residential amenity; and
- (d) will not detract from the vitality of the Business – City Centre Zone, Business – Metropolitan Centre Zone and Business – Town Centre Zone.

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H6.4. Activity table

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Table H6.4.1 Activity table specifies the activity status of land use and development activities in the Residential – Terrace Housing and Apartment Buildings Zone pursuant to section 9(3) of the Resource Management Act 1991).

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Table H6.4.1 Activity table

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Activity		Activity status	Standards to be complied with	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]
Use					
(A1)	Activities not provided for	NC			
Residential					
(A2)	Camping grounds	NC			
[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]			

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(A3)	Dwellings	RD	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards		
[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]
(A4)	The conversion of a principal dwelling existing as at 30 September 2013 into a maximum of two dwellings	P	Standard H6.6.3 The conversion of a principal dwelling into a maximum of two dwellings		
(A5)	Home occupations	P	Standard H6.6.2 Home occupations		
(A6)	Home occupations that do not meet Standard H6.6.2	D			
(A7)	Integrated residential development	RD	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]
(A8)	Supported residential care accommodating up to 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents	P	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas;	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]

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			Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage; Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area; Standard H6.6.13 Outlook space; Standard H6.6.14 Daylight; Standard H6.6.15 Outdoor living space; Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls		
(A9)	Supported residential care accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents	RD	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]
(A10)	Boarding houses accommodating up to 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents	P	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage; Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area; Standard H6.6.13 Outlook space; Standard H6.6.14 Daylight; Standard H6.6.15 Outdoor living space; Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]
(A11)	Boarding houses accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents	RD	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary;	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]

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			Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards		
(A12)	Visitor accommodation accommodating up to 10 people per site inclusive of staff and visitors	P	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage; Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area; Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]
(A13)	Visitor accommodation accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and visitors	RD	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]
Commerce					
(A14)	Dairies up to 100m ² gross floor area per site	RD	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage; and Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]

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			and walls		
(A15)	Restaurants and cafes up to 100m ² gross floor area per site	RD	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage; and Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]
(A16)	Service stations on arterial roads	D			
(A17)	Offices within the Centre Fringe Office Control as identified on the planning maps	P	Standard H6.6.4 Offices within the Centre Fringe Office Control as identified on the planning maps		
(A18)	Offices within the Centre Fringe Office Control as identified on the planning maps that do not comply with Standard H6.6.4	D			
Community					
(A19)	Care centres accommodating up to 10 people per site excluding staff	P	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage; Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area; Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]
(A20)	Care centres accommodating	RD	Standard H6.6.5 Building height;	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be

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	greater than 10 people per site excluding staff		Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage; Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area; Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls		inserted]
(A21)	Community facilities	RD	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage; Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area; Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]
(A22)	Education facilities	D			
(A23)	Tertiary education facilities	D			
(A24)	Emergency services adjoining an arterial road	D			
(A25)	Healthcare facilities up to 200m ² gross floor area per site	RD	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]

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			in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage; Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area; Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls		
(A26)	Healthcare facilities greater than 200m ² gross floor area per site	D			
(A27)	Veterinary clinics	D			
Rural					
(A28)	Grazing of livestock on sites greater than 2,000m ² net site area	P			
Mana Whenua					
(A29)	Marae complex	D			
Development					
(A30)	Demolition of buildings	P			
(A31)	Internal and external alterations to buildings	P	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage; Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area; Standard H6.6.13 Outlook space; Standard H6.6.14 Daylight; Standard H6.6.15 Outdoor living space; Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls, H6.6.17 Minimum dwelling size		
[new text]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be

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(A32)	Accessory buildings	P	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage		
[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]
(A33)	Additions to an existing dwelling	P	Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage; Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area; Standard H6.6.13 Outlook space; Standard H6.6.14 Daylight; Standard H6.6.15 Outdoor living space; Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls, H6.6.17 Minimum dwelling size.		
[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]	[new text to be inserted]
(A34)	New buildings and additions to buildings which do not comply	RD	H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary		

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	with H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary but comply with H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary		Note: Compliance with standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary is not required.		
(A35)	New buildings and additions to buildings	The same activity status and standards as applies to the land use activity that the new building or addition to a building is designed to accommodate			
(A36)	Rainwater Tank	P	Standard H6.6.18		

H6.5. Notification

(1) Any application for resource consent for the following activities will be considered without public or limited notification or the need to obtain the written approval from affected parties unless the Council decides that special circumstances exist under section 95A(9) of the Resource Management Act 1991:

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(a) dwellings that comply with all of the standards listed in Table H6.4.1 Activity table;

(b) an integrated residential development that complies with all of the standards listed in Table H6.4.1 Activity table;

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(c) New buildings and additions to buildings which do not comply with H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary, but comply with Rule 6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary;

(d) development which does not comply with H6.6.16 (1a) Front, side and rear fences and walls; or

(e) development which does not comply with H6.6.17 Minimum dwelling size.

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(2) Any application for resource consent for an activity listed in Table H6.4.1 Activity table and which is not listed in H6.5(1) above will be subject to the normal tests for notification under the relevant sections of the Resource Management Act 1991.

(3) When deciding who is an affected person in relation to any activity for the purposes of section 95E of the Resource Management Act 1991 the Council will give specific consideration to those persons listed in Rule [C1.13\(4\)](#).

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[new text to be inserted]

H6.6. Standards

H6.6.1. Activities listed in Table H6.4.1 Activity table

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(1) Activities and buildings containing activities listed in Table H6.4.1 Activity table must comply with the standards listed in the column in Table H6.4.1 Activity table called Standards to be complied with.

H6.6.2. Home occupations

Purpose: to enable people to work from home at a scale that the residential character and amenity is maintained.

- (1) A home occupation must comply with all the following standards:
 - (a) at least one person engaged in the home occupation must use the dwelling on the site as their principal place of residence;
 - (b) no more than two people who do not use the dwelling as their principal place of residence may work in the home occupation;
 - (c) no more than four people in total may work in the home occupation;
 - (d) the sale of goods or services from the home occupation that requires customers to come to the site and the delivery of goods to and from the site may not occur before 7am or after 7pm;
 - (e) car trips to and from the home occupation activity must not exceed 20 per day;
 - (f) heavy vehicle trips must not exceed two per week;
 - (g) no more than one commercial vehicle associated with the home occupation may be on site at any one time;
 - (h) storage for rubbish and recycling associated with the home occupation must be provided on site and screened from public view;
 - (i) materials or goods manufactured, serviced or repaired in the home occupation must be stored and worked on within a building on the same site; and
 - (j) goods sold from the home occupation must be:
 - (i) goods produced on site; or
 - (ii) goods that are primarily ordered by mail or electronic transaction and redistributed by post or courier; or
 - (iii) goods ancillary and related to a service provided by the home occupation.

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H6.6.3. The conversion of a principal dwelling existing as at 30 September 2013 into a maximum of two dwellings

Purpose: to enable a dwelling existing as at 30 September 2013 to be converted into a maximum of two dwellings and to provide for sufficient outdoor living space for each of the dwellings.

- (1) Where a principal dwelling existing as at 30 September 2013 is proposed to be converted into a maximum of two dwellings each dwelling must have an outdoor living space that is:
 - (a) at least 5m² for a studio or one-bedroom dwelling and 8m² for a two or more bedroom dwelling; and
 - (b) at least 1.8m in depth; and
 - (c) directly accessible from the dwelling.

H6.6.4. Offices within the Centre Fringe Office Control as identified on the planning maps

Purpose: enable offices in existing buildings in the Centre Fringe Office Control area.

- (1) Offices must be located in existing buildings.

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[new text to be inserted]

H6.6.5. Building height

Purpose: to manage the height of buildings to provide for terrace housing and apartments and achieve an urban built character of predominantly five storeys or six or seven storeys in identified locations adjacent to centres.

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- (1) Buildings must not exceed 16m in height.

[new text to be inserted]

[new figure to be inserted]

[new text to be inserted]

- (2) If the site is subject to the Height Variation Control, buildings must not exceed the height in metres shown for the site on the planning maps.
- (3) Standard H5.6.4 Building height applies to the site at 16 Spring Street, Freemans Bay (Lot 1 DP 85829) within a 10m setback area along Spring Street, England Street and adjoining the reserve at 10 England Street (Lot 1 DP 85953) as indicated on the planning maps. Outside of the setback area Buildings must not exceed 16m in height.

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H6.6.6. Height in relation to boundary

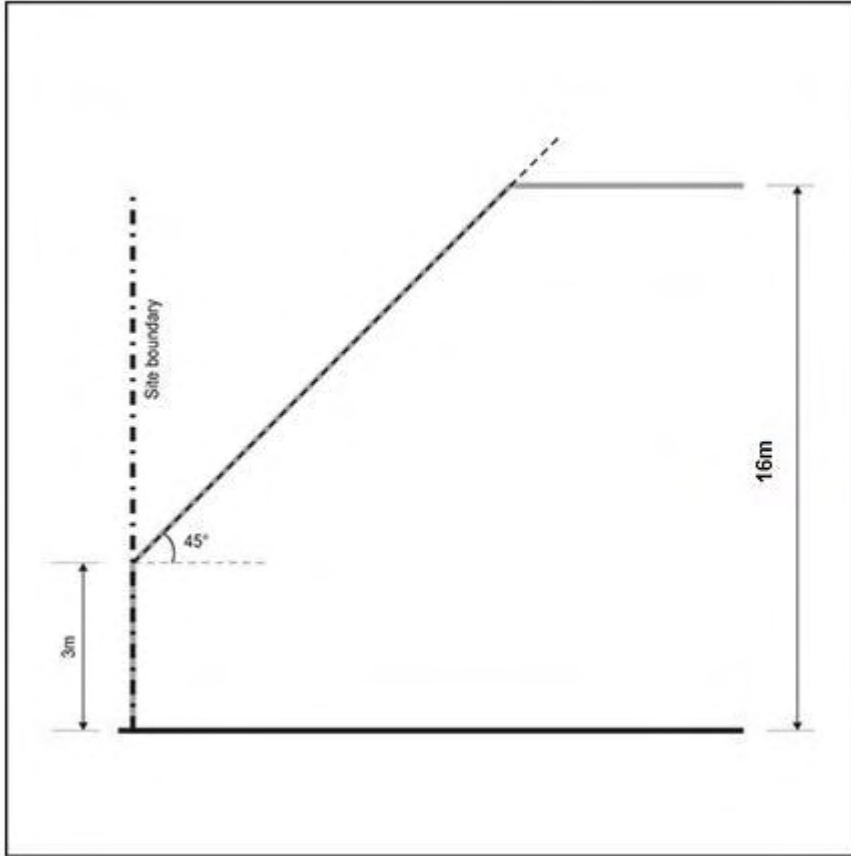
Purpose: to minimise the adverse effects of building height on neighbours (i.e. dominance and shading) and reduce the overall visual dominance of buildings at upper levels.

[new text to be inserted]

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- (1) Buildings must not project beyond a 45-degree recession plane measured from a point 3m vertically above ground level along the side and rear boundaries, as shown in Figure H6.6.6.1 Height in relation to boundary below.

Figure H6.6.6.1 Height in relation to boundary



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[new figure to be inserted]

[new text to be inserted]

[new figure to be inserted]

[new text to be inserted]

- (2) Standard H6.6.6(1) does not apply to a boundary, or part of a boundary, adjoining any of the following:

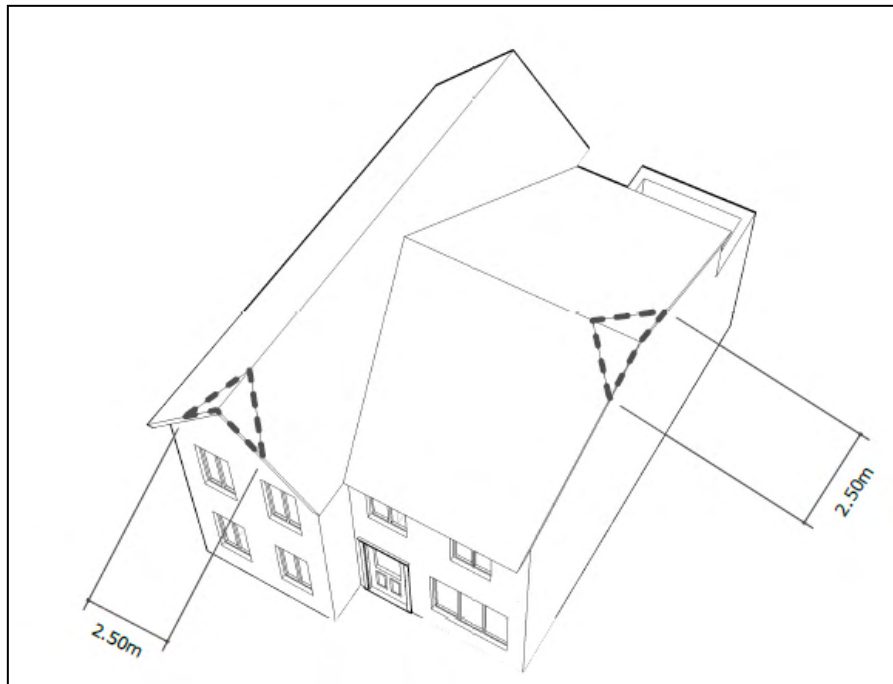
(a) Business – City Centre Zone; Business – Metropolitan Centre Zone; Business – Town Centre Zone; Business – Local Centre Zone; Business – Neighbourhood Centre Zone; Business – Mixed Use Zone; Business – General Business Zone; Business – Business Park Zone; Business – Light Industry Zone and Business – Heavy Industry Zone; or

(b) sites within the Open Space – Conservation Zone; Open Space – Informal Recreation Zone; Open Space – Sports and Active Recreation Zone; Open Space – Civic Spaces Zone; or the Open Space – Community Zone:

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- (i) that are greater than 2000m²;
 - (ii) where that part of the site in (i) is greater than 20 metres in width, when measured perpendicular to the shared boundary; and
 - (iii) where an open space comprises multiple sites but has a common open space zoning, the entire zone will be treated as a single site for the purpose of applying the standards listed below.
- (3) Standard H6.6.6(1) does not apply to site boundaries where there is an existing common wall between two buildings on adjacent sites or where a common wall is proposed.
- (4) Where the boundary forms part of a legal right of way, entrance strip, access site or pedestrian access way, the control in Standard H6.6.6(1) applies from the farthest boundary of that legal right of way, entrance strip, access site or pedestrian access way.
- (5) A gable end, dormer or roof may project beyond the recession plane where that portion beyond the recession plane is:
- (a) no greater than 1.5m² in area and no greater than 1m in height; and
 - (b) no greater than 2.5m cumulatively in length measured along the edge of the roof as shown in Figure H6.6.6.2 Exceptions for gable ends and dormers and roof projections below.

Figure H6.6.6.2 Exceptions for gable ends and dormers and roof projections



- (6) No more than two gable end, dormer or roof projections are allowed for every 6m length of site boundary.

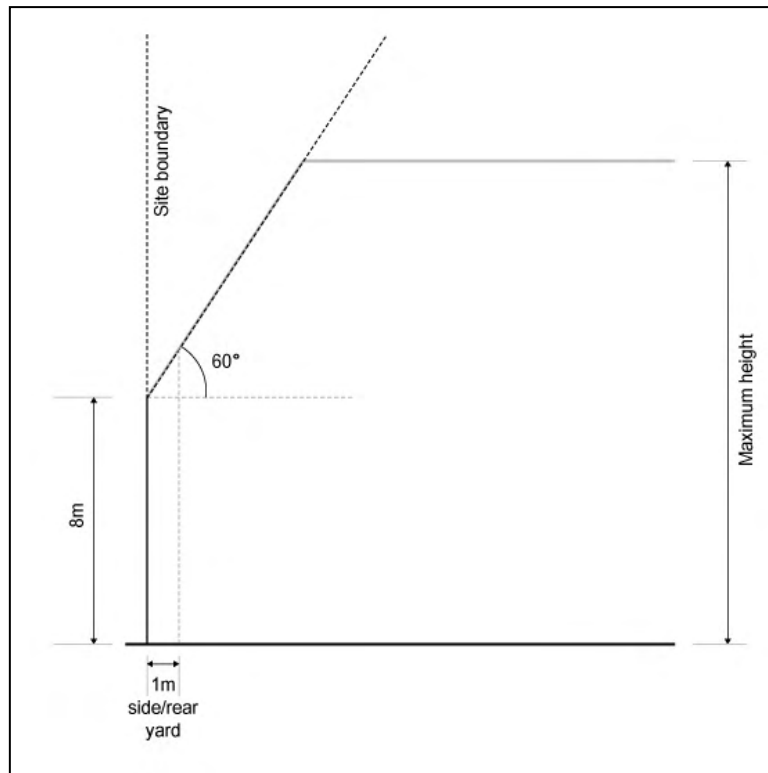
- (7) The height in relation to boundary standard does not apply to existing or proposed internal boundaries within a site.

H6.6.7. Alternative height in relation to boundary within the Residential – Terrace Housing and Apartment Buildings Zone

Purpose: to enable the efficient use of the site by providing design flexibility at the upper floors of a building, while maintaining a reasonable level of daylight access and reducing visual dominance effects to immediate neighbours.

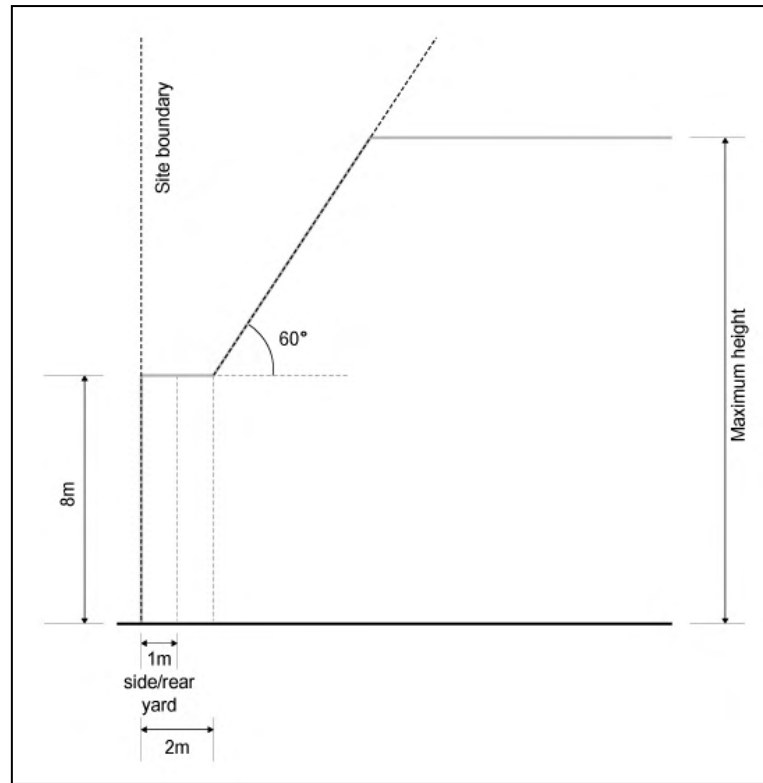
- (1) This standard is an alternative to the permitted Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary and applies to sites in the Terrace Housing and Apartment Buildings Zone that adjoin another site in the same zone or any other zone not specified in Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones.
- (2) Buildings or any parts of buildings must not project beyond a 60 degree recession plane measured from a point 8m vertically above ground level along side and rear boundaries within 20m of the site frontage, as shown in Figure H6.6.7.1 Alternative height in relation to boundary within 20m of the site frontage below.

Figure H6.6.7.1 Alternative height in relation to boundary within 20m of the site frontage



- (3) Buildings or any parts of buildings further than 20m from the site frontage must not project beyond a 60 degree recession plane measured from a point 8m vertically above ground level, and 2m perpendicular to side and rear boundaries, as shown in Figure H6.6.7.2 Alternative height in relation to boundary further than 20m from the site frontage below.

Figure H6.6.7.2 Alternative height in relation to boundary further than 20m from the site frontage

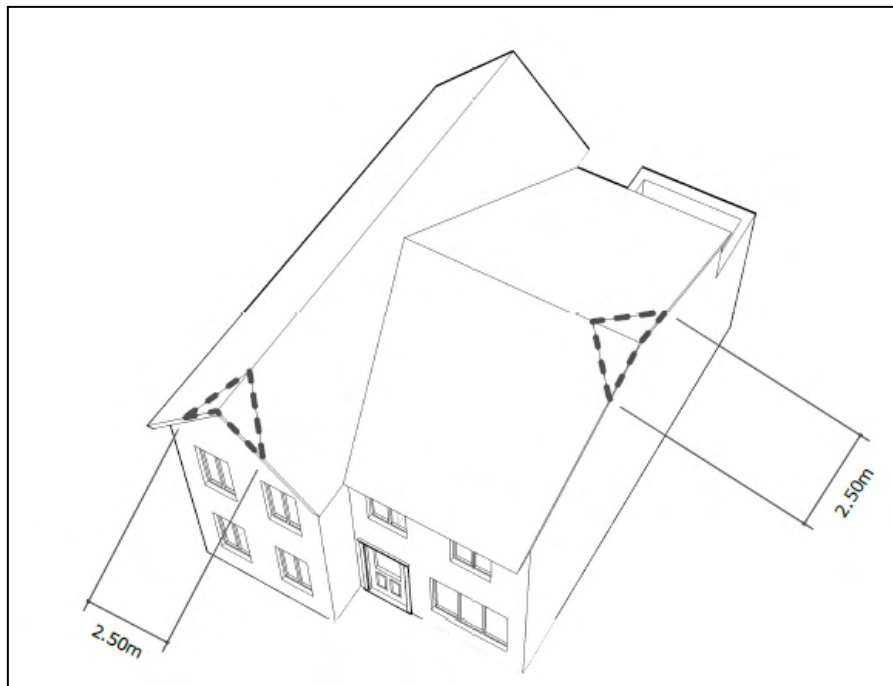


- (4) Standard H6.6.7(2) and (3) above do not apply to a boundary, or part of a boundary, adjoining any of the following:
- (a) a Business – City Centre Zone; Business – Metropolitan Centre Zone; Business – Town Centre Zone; Business – Local Centre Zone; Business – Neighbourhood Centre Zone; Business – Mixed Use Zone; Business – General Business Zone; Business – Business Park Zone; Business – Light Industry Zone and Business – Heavy Industry Zone; or
 - (b) sites within the Open Space – Conservation Zone; Open Space – Informal Recreation Zone; Open Space – Sports and Active Recreation Zone; Open Space – Civic Spaces Zone; or the Open Space – Community Zone:
 - (i) that are greater than 2000m²;
 - (ii) where that part of the site in (i) is greater than 20 metres in width, when measured perpendicular to the shared boundary; and
 - (iii) Where an open space comprises multiple sites but has a common open space zoning, the entire zone will be treated as a single site for the purpose of applying the standards listed below.
- (5) Standard H6.6.7(2) and (3) above do not apply to site boundaries where there is an existing common wall between two buildings on adjacent sites or where a common wall is proposed.

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- (6) Where the boundary forms part of a legal right of way, entrance strip, access site or pedestrian access way, the control in Standard H6.6.7(2) applies from the farthest boundary of that legal right of way, entrance strip, access site or pedestrian access way.
- (7) A gable end, dormer or roof may project beyond the recession plane where that portion beyond the recession plane is:
 - (a) no greater than 1.5m² in area and no greater than 1m in height; and
 - (b) no greater than 2.5m cumulatively in length measured along the edge of the roof, as shown in Figure H6.6.7.3 Exceptions for gable ends, dormers and roof projections below.

Figure H6.6.7.3 Exceptions for gable ends, dormers and roof projections



- (8) No more than two gable end, dormer or roof projections are allowed for every 6m length of site boundary.
- (9) The building setback must be a stepped profile and must not be a literal regression of the recession plane.
- (10) This alternative height in relation to boundary standard does not apply to existing or proposed internal boundaries within a site.

H6.6.8. Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower intensity zones

Purpose: to manage the height and bulk of buildings at boundaries to maintain a reasonable level of sunlight access and minimise visual dominance effects to immediate neighbours within lower intensity zones and small public open spaces.

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PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

- (1) Where sites in the Residential – Terrace Housing and Apartment Buildings Zone adjoin:

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- (a) a site in the Residential – Single House Zone; or
- (b) a site in the Residential – Mixed Housing Suburban Zone; or
- (c) sites less than 2000m² in the Open Space – Conservation Zone; Open Space – Informal Recreation Zone; Open Space – Sports and Active Recreation Zone; Open Space – Civic Spaces Zone; or the Open Space – Community Zone except Standard H6.6.8(1)(c) does not apply to the site at 16 Spring Street, Freemans Bay (Lot DP 58529);

then buildings must not project beyond a 45 degree recession plane measured from a point 2.5m vertically above ground level along the boundary of the site in the Residential – Terrace Housing and Apartment Buildings Zone with the zone listed in Standard H6.6.8(1)(a) – (c) above.

- (2) Where sites in the Residential – Terrace Housing and Apartment Buildings Zone adjoin sites in the Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone then Standard H5.6.5 Height in relation to boundary in the Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone or Standard H5.6.6 Alternative height in relation to boundary in the Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone applies to the boundary of the site in the Residential – Terrace Housing and Apartment Buildings Zone that adjoins the Residential – Mixed Housing Urban Zone.
- (3) The building setback must be a stepped profile and must not be a literal regression of the recession plane.
- (4) Where the boundary forms part of a legal right of way, entrance strip or access site or pedestrian access way, the control in Standard H6.6.8(1) applies from the farthest boundary of that legal right of way, entrance strip, access site or pedestrian access way.
- (5) A gable end, dormer or roof may project beyond the recession plane where that portion beyond the recession plan is:
 - (a) no greater than 1.5m² in area and no greater than 1m in height; and
 - (b) no greater than 2.5m cumulatively in length measured along the edge of the roof.

H6.6.9. Yards

Purpose:

- to create an urban streetscape character and provide sufficient space for landscaping within the front yard;
- to maintain a reasonable standard of residential amenity for adjoining sites;
- to ensure buildings are adequately set back from lakes, streams and the coastal edge to maintain water quality and provide protection from natural hazards; and

- to enable buildings and services on the site or adjoining sites to be adequately maintained.
- (1) A building or parts of a building must be set back from the relevant boundary by the minimum depth listed in Table H6.6.9.1 Yards below.

Table H6.6.9.1 Yards

Yard	Minimum depth
Front	1.5m
Side	1m
Rear	1m
Riparian	10m from the edge of all other permanent and intermittent streams
Lakeside	30m
Coastal protection yard	10m, or as otherwise specified in Appendix 6 Coastal protection yard

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[new text to be inserted]

- (2) Standard H6.6.9(1) does not apply to site boundaries where there is an existing common wall between two buildings on adjacent sites or where a common wall is proposed.

H6.6.10. Maximum impervious area

Purpose:

- to manage the amount of stormwater runoff generated by a development, particularly in relation to the capacity of the stormwater network and potential flood risks;
- to support the functioning of riparian yards, lakeside yards and coastal yards and water quality and ecology;
- to reinforce the building coverage and landscaped area standards; and
- to limit paved areas on a site to improve the site's appearance and cumulatively maintain amenity values in a neighbourhood.

(1) The maximum impervious area must not exceed 70 per cent of site area.

(2) The maximum impervious area within a riparian yard, a lakeside yard or a coastal protection yard must not exceed 10 per cent of the riparian yard, the lakeside yard or the coastal protection yard area.

H6.6.11. Building coverage

Purpose: to manage the extent of buildings on a site to achieve the planned urban character of buildings surrounded by open space.

- (1) The maximum building coverage must not exceed 50 per cent of the net site area.

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PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

[new text to be inserted]

H6.6.12. Landscaped area

Purpose:

- to provide for quality living environments consistent with the planned urban built character of buildings surrounded by open space; and
- to create a landscaped urban streetscape character within the zone.

[new text to be inserted]

(1) The minimum landscaped area must be at least 30 per cent of the net site area.

[new text to be inserted]

H6.6.13. Outlook space

Purpose:

- to ensure a reasonable standard of visual privacy between habitable rooms of different buildings, on the same or adjacent sites;
- in combination with the daylight control, manage visual dominance effects within a site by ensuring that habitable rooms have an outlook and sense of space.

[new text to be inserted]

[new figure to be inserted]

[new text to be inserted]

(1) An outlook space must be provided from the face of a building containing windows to a habitable room. Where the room has two or more external faces with windows the outlook space must be provided from the face with the largest area of glazing.

(2) The minimum dimensions for a required outlook space are as follows:

- (a) a principal living room of a dwelling or main living and dining area within a boarding house or supported residential care must have a outlook space with a minimum dimension of 6m in depth and 4m in width; and

[new text to be inserted]

- (b) a principal bedroom of a dwelling or a bedroom within a boarding house or supported residential care unit must have an outlook space with a minimum dimension of 3m in depth and 3m in width; and

- (c) all other habitable rooms must have an outlook space with a minimum dimension of 1m in depth and 1m in width.

(3) The depth of the outlook space is measured at right angles to and horizontal from the window to which it applies.

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- (4) The width of the outlook space is measured from the centre point of the largest window on the building face to which it applies.

[new text to be inserted]

- (5) The height of the outlook space is the same as the floor height, measured from floor to ceiling, of the building face to which the standard applies.

- (6) Outlook spaces may be within the site, over a public street, or other public open space.

- (7) Outlook spaces required from different rooms within the same building may overlap.

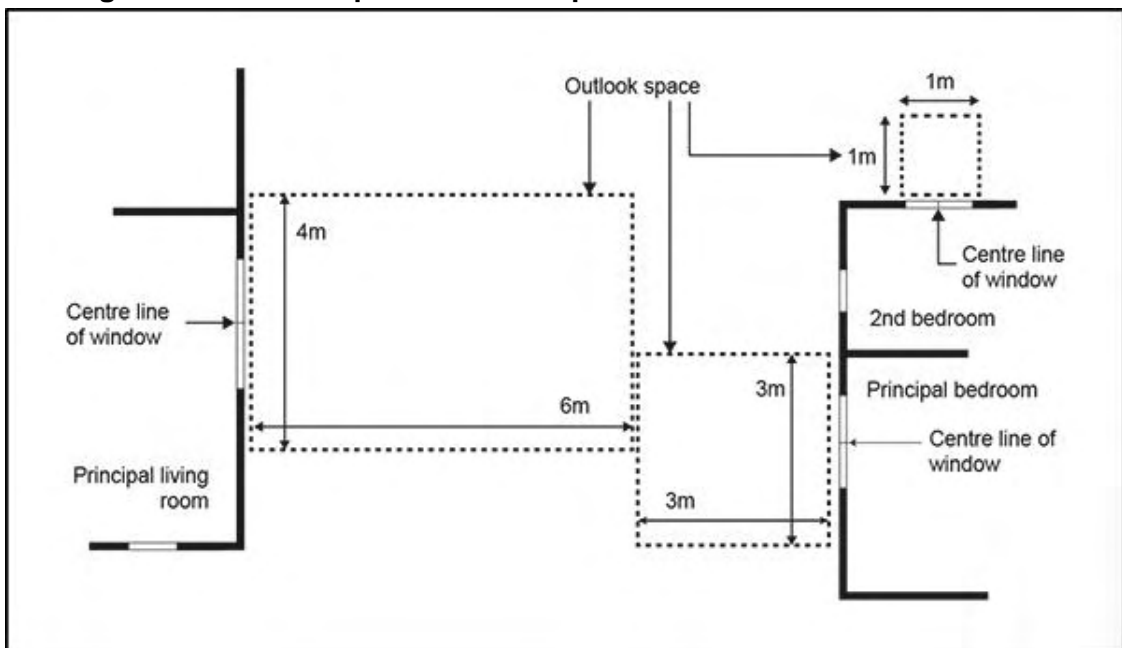
- (8) Outlook spaces may overlap where they are on the same wall plane.

- (9) Outlook spaces must:

- (a) be clear and unobstructed by buildings;
(b) not extend over adjacent sites, except for where the outlook space is over a public street or public open space as outlined in H6.6.13(6) above; and
(c) not extend over an outlook spaces or outdoor living space required by another dwelling.

[new text to be inserted]

Figure H6.6.13.1 Required outlook space



H6.6.14. Daylight

Purpose:

- to ensure adequate daylight for living areas and bedrooms in dwellings, supported residential care and boarding houses; and

- in combination with the outlook control, manage visual dominance effects within a site by ensuring that habitable rooms have an outlook and sense of space, particularly at upper building levels.
- (1) Where the proposed building and/or opposite building contains principal living room or bedroom windows in a dwelling, or main living/dining area or bedroom windows in supported residential care and boarding houses, then:
- a) that part of a building higher than 3m opposite buildings within the same site is limited in height to twice the horizontal distance between the two buildings for a length defined by a 55 degree arc from the centre of the window. The arc may be swung to within 35 degrees of the plane of the wall containing the window as shown in Figure H6.6.14.2 Required setbacks for daylight below.
- Refer to Table H6.6.14.1 Maximum height of the part of a building within a site facing a principal living room or bedroom window within the same site; Figure H6.6.14.1 Required setbacks for daylight and Figure H6.6.14.2 Required setbacks for daylight below.
- (2) Where the principal living room, main living/dining area or bedroom has two or more external faces with windows, Standard H6.6.14(1) above will apply to the largest window.
- (3) Where the window is above ground level, the height restriction is calculated from the floor level of the room containing the window.
- (4) Standard H6.6.14(1), (2) and (3) do not apply to development opposite the first 5m of a building which faces the street, measured from the front corner of the building.

Table H6.6.14.1 Maximum height of that part of a building within a site facing a principal living room or bedroom window within the same site

Distance of the building from the largest principal living room, living/dining room or bedroom window (x)	Maximum height of the defined portion of wall opposite an identified window	Length of wall restricted if 55 degree arc is perpendicular to window (y) (rounded)
1.0m	2.0m	1.0m
1.5m	3.0m	1.5m
2.0m	4.0m	2.0m
2.5m	5.0m	2.5m
2.7m	5.4m	2.7m
3.0m	6.0m	3.0m
3.5m	7.0m	3.5m
4.0m	8.0m	4.0m
4.5m	9.0m	4.5m
5.0m	10.0m	5.0m

Distance of the building from the largest principal living room, living/dining room or bedroom window (x)	Maximum height of the defined portion of wall opposite an identified window	Length of wall restricted if 55 degree arc is perpendicular to window (y) (rounded)
5.5m	11.0m	5.5m
6.0m	12.0m	6.0m
7.0m	14.0m	7.0m
7.5m	15.0m	7.5m
8.0m	16.0m	8.0m
8.5m	17.0m	8.5m
9.0m	18.0m	9.0m
9.5m	19.0m	9.5m
10.0m	20.0m	10.0m
10.5m	21.0m	10.5m
11.0m	22.0m	11.0m
11.25m	22.5m	11.25m

Figure H6.6.14.1 Required setbacks for daylight

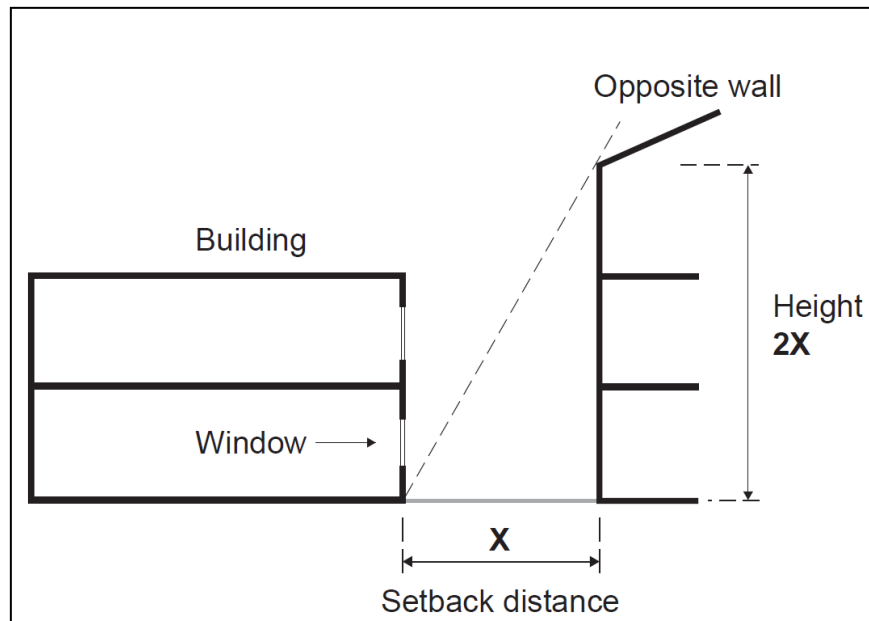
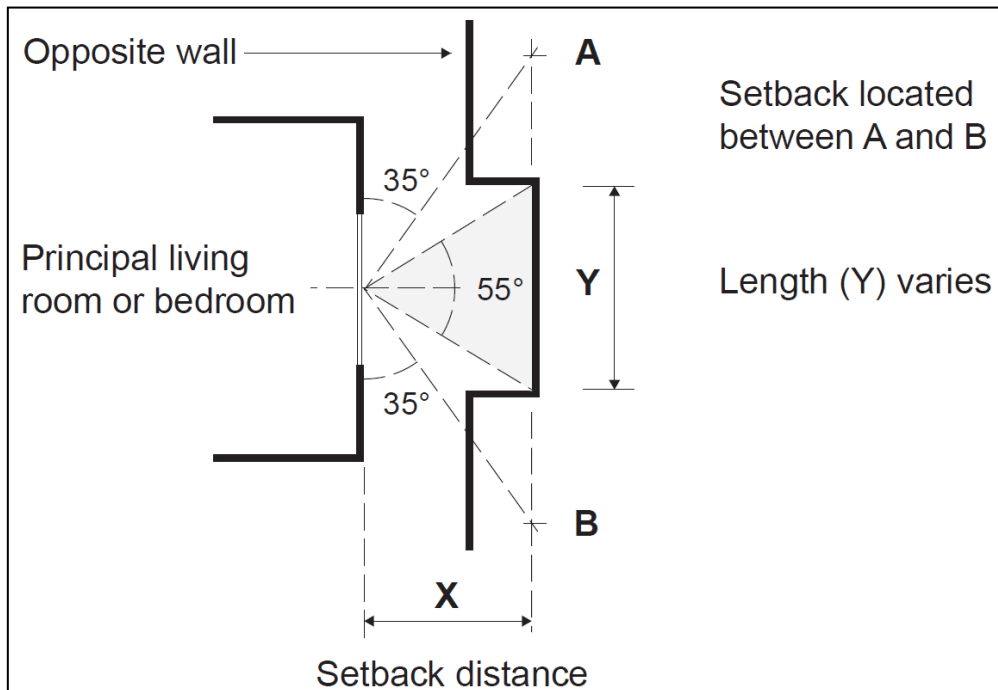


Figure H6.6.14.2 Required setbacks for daylight



H6.6.15. Outdoor living space

Purpose: to provide dwellings, supported residential care and boarding houses with outdoor living space that is of a functional size and dimension, has access to sunlight, and is directly accessible from the principal living room, dining room or kitchen and is separated from vehicle access and manoeuvring areas.

[new text to be inserted]

- (1) A dwelling, supported residential care or boarding house at ground floor level, must have an outdoor living space that is at least 20m² that comprises ground floor and/or balcony/roof terrace space that:
 - (a) where located at ground level has no dimension less than 4m and has a gradient not exceeding 1 in 20; and/or
 - (b) where provided in the form of balcony, patio or roof terrace is at least 5m² and has a minimum dimension of 1.8m; and
 - (c) is directly accessible from the dwelling, supported residential care unit or boarding house; and
 - (d) is free of buildings, parking spaces, servicing and manoeuvring areas.
- (2) A dwelling, supported residential care or boarding house located above ground floor level must have an outdoor living space in the form of a balcony, patio or roof terrace that:
 - (a) is at least 5m² for studio and one-bedroom dwellings and has a minimum dimension of 1.8m; or

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- (b) is at least 8m² for two or more bedroom dwellings and has a minimum dimension of 1.8m; and
- (c) is directly accessible from the dwelling, supported residential care unit or boarding house; and
- (d) except that, a balcony or roof terrace is not required where the net internal floor area of a dwelling is at least 35m² for a studio and 50m² for a dwelling with one or more bedrooms.

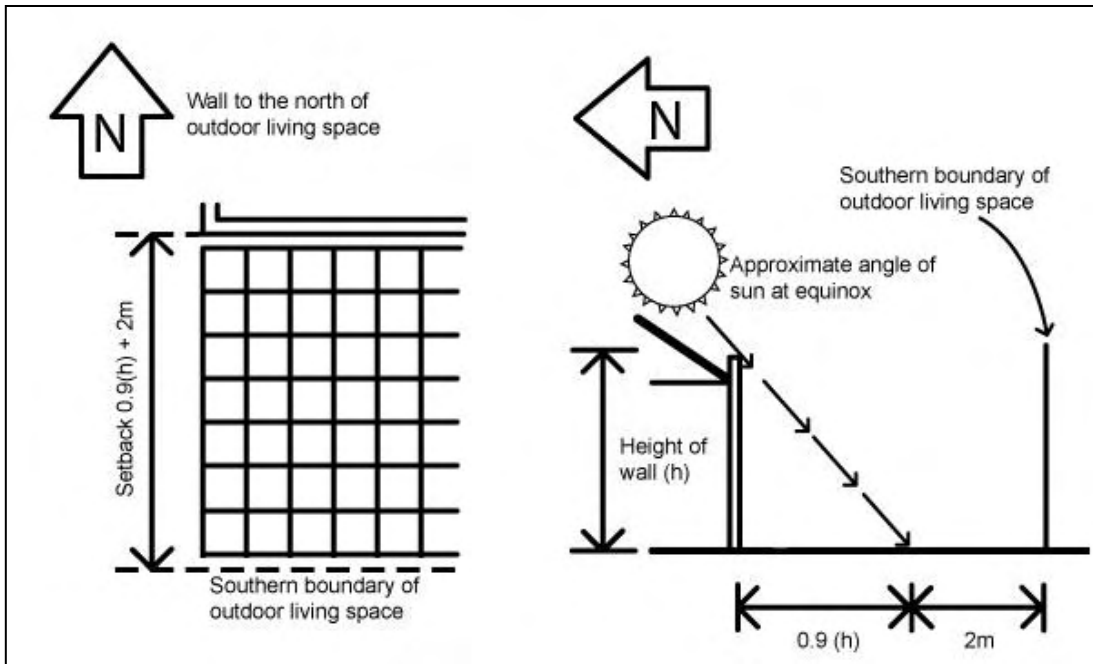
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- (3) Where outdoor living space required by Standard H6.6.15(1) or Standard H6.6.15(2) above is provided at ground level, and is located south of any building located on the same site, the southern boundary of that space must be separated from any wall or building by at least 2m + 0.9(h), where (h) is the height of the wall or building as shown in the Figure H6.6.15.1 Location of outdoor living space below. For the purpose of this standard south is defined as between 135 and 225 degrees.

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[new text to be inserted]

Figure H6.6.15.1 Location of outdoor living space



H6.6.16. Front, side and rear fences and walls

Purpose: to enable fences and walls to be constructed on a Front, side or rear boundary or within a front, side, rear, riparian, coastal protection or lakeside yard to a height sufficient to:

- provide privacy for dwellings while enabling opportunities for passive surveillance of the street or adjoining public place;
- minimise visual dominance effects to immediate neighbours and the street or adjoining public place.

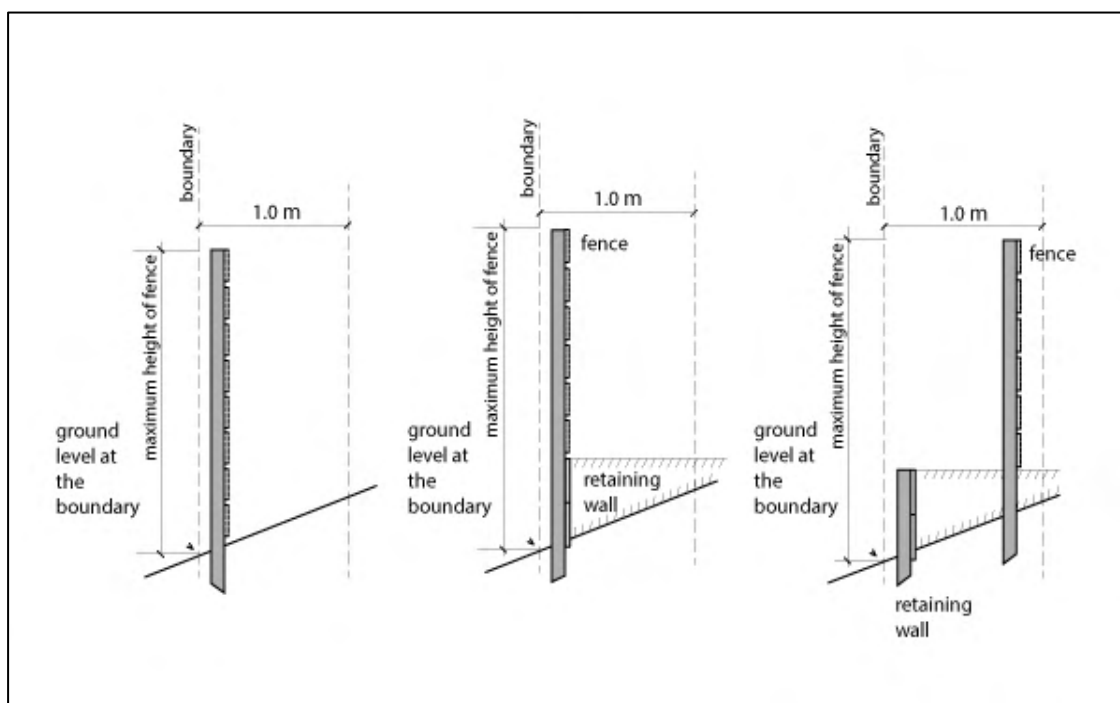
(1) Fences or walls or a combination of these structures (whether separate or joined together) must not exceed the height specified below, measured from the ground level at the boundary:

(a) Within the front yard, either:

- (i) 1.4m in height, or
- (ii) 1.8m in height for no more than 50 per cent of the site frontage and 1.4m for the remainder, or
- (iii) 1.8m in height if the fence is at least 50 per cent visually open as viewed perpendicular to the front boundary.

(b) Within side, rear, coastal protection, lakeside or riparian yards: 2m.

Figure H.6.6.16.1 Measurement of fence height



H6.6.17. Minimum dwelling size

Purpose: to ensure dwellings are functional and of a sufficient size to provide for the day to day needs of residents, based on the number of occupants the dwelling is designed to accommodate.

(1) Dwellings must have a minimum net internal floor area as follows:

- (a) 30m² for studio dwellings.
- (b) 45m² for one or more bedroom dwellings.

H6.6.18. Rainwater tanks

Purpose: To enable rainwater tank installation while maintaining amenity values.

(1) Rainwater tanks must not be located:

- (a) in a riparian, lakeside or coastal protection yard unless less than 1m in height or wholly below ground level;
 - (b) in a front yard or forward of any street facing or private vehicle access facing building façade, unless they are at least 1.5m from the front boundary and are a maximum height of 1 m.
- (2) Clause b) shall not apply to a rear service lane where the dwellings have frontage to a public street.
- (3) Rainwater tanks located within a required outlook space area must be no higher than 1m.
- (4) Rainwater tanks located within the required minimum 20m² outdoor living space with minimum dimensions of 4m must be installed wholly underground.
- (5) Any overflow from the rainwater tank must discharge to the existing authorised stormwater system for the site.

Note: If there is a new stormwater discharge or diversion created Chapter E8.6.2.1 and Building Act requirements must be complied with.

Note: Building Act regulations apply. A building consent may be required under the Building Act.

[PC 78 \(see Modifications\)](#)

[new text to be inserted]

H6.7. Assessment – controlled activities

[PC 78 \(see Modifications\)](#)

There are no controlled activities in this zone.

H6.8. Assessment – restricted discretionary activities

H6.8.1. Matters of discretion

The Council will restrict its discretion to all of the following matters when assessing a restricted discretionary activity resource consent application:

- (1) for supported residential care accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents; boarding houses accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents; visitor accommodation accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and visitors; dairies up to 100m² gross floor area per site; restaurants and cafes up to 100m² gross floor area per site; care centres accommodating greater than 10 people per site excluding staff; community facilities; and healthcare facilities up to 200m² gross floor area per site:
 - (a) infrastructure and servicing;
 - (b) the effects on the neighbourhood character, residential amenity and the surrounding residential area from all of the following:
 - (i) building intensity, scale, location, form and appearance;
 - (ii) traffic;

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- (iii) location and design of parking and access; and
- (iv) noise, lighting and hours of operation.

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[new text to be inserted]

(2) for dwellings:

(a) the effects on the neighbourhood character, residential amenity, safety and the surrounding residential area from all of the following:

- (i) building intensity, scale, location, form and appearance;

[new text to be inserted]

- (ii) traffic; and

- (iii) location and design of parking and access.

(b) all of the following standards:

- (i) Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas;

- (ii) Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage;

- (iii) Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area;

- (iv) Standard H6.6.13 Outlook space;

- (v) Standard H6.6.14 Daylight;

- (vi) Standard H6.6.15 Outdoor living space;

- (vii) Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls; and

- (viii) Standard H6.6.17 Minimum dwelling size

(c) Infrastructure and servicing

[new text to be inserted]

(3) for integrated residential development:

(a) the effects on the neighbourhood character, residential amenity, safety, and the surrounding residential area from all of the following:

- (i) building intensity, scale, location, form and appearance;

[new text to be inserted]

- (ii) traffic;

- (iii) location and design of parking and access; and

- (iv) noise, lighting and hours of operation.

(b) all of the following standards:

- (i) Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas;

- (ii) Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage;

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PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

- (iii) Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area;
- (iv) Standard H6.6.13 Outlook space;
- (v) Standard H6.6.14 Daylight;
- (vi) Standard H6.6.15 Outdoor living space;
- (vii) Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls; and
- (viii) Standard H6.6.17 Minimum dwelling size

(c) Infrastructure and servicing.

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[new text to be inserted]

(4) for buildings that do not comply with Standard H6.6.5 Building height; Standard H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary; Standard H6.6.8 Height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones; Standard H6.6.9 Yards; Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas; Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage; Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area; Standard H6.6.13 Outlook space; Standard H6.6.14 Daylight; Standard H6.6.15 Outdoor living space; Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls; Standard H6.6.17 Minimum dwelling size:

- (a) any policy which is relevant to the standard;
- (b) the purpose of the standard;
- (c) the effects of the infringement of the standard;
- (d) the effects on the urban built character of the zone;
- (e) the effects on the amenity of neighbouring sites;
- (f) the effects of any special or unusual characteristic of the site which is relevant to the standard;
- (g) the characteristics of the development;
- (h) any other matters specifically listed for the standard; and
- (i) where more than one standard will be infringed, the effects of all infringements.

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(5) For new buildings and additions to buildings which do not comply with H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary but comply with H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary:

- (a) Visual dominance effects;
- (b) Attractiveness and safety of the street; and
- (c) Overlooking and privacy.

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[new text to be inserted]

H6.8.2. Assessment criteria

The Council will consider the relevant assessment criteria below for restricted discretionary activities:

- (1) for supported residential care accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents; boarding houses accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and residents; visitor accommodation accommodating greater than 10 people per site inclusive of staff and visitors; dairies up to 100m² gross floor area per site; restaurants and cafes up to 100m² gross floor area per site; care centres accommodating greater than 10 people per site excluding staff; community facilities; and healthcare facilities up to 200m² gross floor area per site:

(a) infrastructure and servicing:

- (i) Whether there is adequate capacity in the existing stormwater and public reticulated water supply and wastewater network to service the proposed development.
- (ii) Where adequate network capacity is not available, whether adequate mitigation is proposed.

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(b) building intensity, scale, location, form and appearance:

- (i) whether the intensity and scale of the activity, the building location, form and appearance is compatible with the character and residential amenity provided for within the zone and compatible with the surrounding residential area.

(c) traffic:

- (i) whether the activity avoids or mitigates high levels of additional non-residential traffic on local roads.

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(d) location and design of parking and access:

- (i) whether adequate access is provided or required.

[new text to be inserted]

(e) noise, lighting and hours of operation:

- (i) whether noise and lighting and the hours of operation of the activity avoids, remedies or mitigates adverse effects on the residential amenity of surrounding properties, by:
- locating noisy activities away from neighbouring residential boundaries; and
 - screening or other design features; and
 - controlling the hours of operation and operational measures.

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[new text to be inserted]

(2) for dwellings:

(a) the extent to which or whether the development achieves the purpose outlined in the following standards or what alternatives are provided that result in the same or a better outcome:

- (i) Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas;
- (ii) Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage;
- (iii) Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area;
- (iv) Standard H6.6.13 Outlook space;
- (v) Standard H6.6.14 Daylight;
- (vi) Standard H6.6.15 Outdoor living space; and
- (vii) Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls; and
- (viii) Standard H6.6.17 Minimum dwelling size

[new text to be inserted]

(b) refer to Policy H6.3(1);

(c) refer to Policy H6.3(2);

(d) refer to Policy H6.3(3);

[new text to be inserted]

(e) refer to Policy H6.3(4);

(f) refer to Policy H6.3(5);

(g) refer to Policy H6.3(6);

(h) refer to Policy H6.3(7); and

(i) refer to Policy H6.3(8).

[new text to be inserted]

(j) infrastructure and servicing:

- (i) Whether there is adequate capacity in the existing stormwater and public reticulated water supply and wastewater network to service the proposed development.
- (ii) Where adequate network capacity is not available, whether adequate mitigation is proposed.

(k) the extent to which the necessary storage and waste collection and recycling facilities is provided in locations conveniently accessible and screened from streets and public open spaces.

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(l) traffic:

- (i) the extent to which the activity avoids or mitigates adverse effects on the safe and efficient operation of the immediate transport network.
- (ii) H6.8.2 (2)(l)(i) is not considered where the development is located adjacent to a Business – City Centre Zone, Business – Metropolitan Centre Zone or Business – Town Centre Zone.

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[new text to be inserted]

(3) for integrated residential development:

PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

(a) the extent to which or whether the development achieves the purpose outlined in the following standards or what alternatives are provided that result in the same or a better outcome:

- (i) Standard H6.6.10 Maximum impervious areas;
- (ii) Standard H6.6.11 Building coverage;
- (iii) Standard H6.6.12 Landscaped area;
- (iv) Standard H6.6.13 Outlook space;
- (v) Standard H6.6.14 Daylight;
- (vi) Standard H6.6.15 Outdoor living space;
- (vii) Standard H6.6.16 Front, side and rear fences and walls; and
- (viii) Standard H6.6.17 Minimum dwelling size (excluding retirement villages).

(b) refer to Policy H6.3(1);

(c) refer to Policy H6.3(2);

(d) refer to Policy H6.3(3);

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[new text to be inserted]

(e) refer to Policy H6.3(4);

(f) refer to Policy H6.3(5);

(g) refer to Policy H6.3(6);

(h) refer to Policy H6.3(7);

(i) refer to Policy H6.3(8); and

[new text to be inserted]

(j) infrastructure and servicing:

PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

- (i) Whether there is adequate capacity in the existing stormwater and public reticulated water supply and wastewater network to service the proposed development.
- (ii) Where adequate network capacity is not available, whether adequate mitigation is proposed.

(k) traffic:

- (i) the extent to which the activity avoids or mitigates adverse effects on the safe and efficient operation of the immediate transport network.
- (ii) H6.8.2 (3)(k)(i) is not considered where the development is located adjacent to a Business – City Centre Zone, Business – Metropolitan Centre Zone or Business – Town Centre Zone.

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[new text to be inserted]

- (4) For new buildings and additions to buildings which do not comply with H6.6.6 Height in relation to boundary but comply with H6.6.7 Alternative height in relation to boundary:

Visual dominance

- (a) The extent to which buildings as viewed from the side or rear boundaries of adjoining residential sites or developments are designed to reduce visual dominance effects, taking into account:
 - (i) the planned urban built character of the zone;
 - (ii) the location, orientation and design of development; and
 - (iii) the physical characteristics of the site and the neighbouring site.

Attractiveness and safety of the street

- (b) The extent to which those parts of buildings located closest to the front boundary achieve attractive and safe streets by:
 - (i) providing doors, windows and balconies facing the street;
 - (ii) optimising front yard landscaping;
 - (iii) providing safe pedestrian access to buildings from the street; and
 - (iv) minimising the visual dominance of garage doors as viewed from the street.

Overlooking and privacy

- (c) The extent to which direct overlooking of a neighbour's habitable room windows and outdoor living space is minimised to maintain a reasonable standard of privacy, including through the design and location of habitable room windows, balconies or terraces, setbacks, or screening.

(5) for building height:

- (a) refer to Policy H6.3(1);

(b) refer to Policy H6.3(2);

(c) refer to Policy H6.3(4); and

(d) refer to Policy H6.3(5).

[new text to be inserted]

(6) for height in relation to boundary infringements:

(a) refer to Policy H6.3(1);

(b) refer to Policy H6.3(2);

(c) refer to Policy H6.3(4);

(d) refer to Policy H6.3(5); and

(e) refer to Policy H6.3(6).

[new text to be inserted]

(7) for alternative height in relation to boundary infringements:

(a) refer to Policy H6.3(1);

(b) refer to Policy H6.3(2);

(c) refer to Policy H6.3(3);

(d) refer to Policy H6.3(4);

(e) refer to Policy H6.3(5); and

(f) refer to Policy H6.3(6).

(8) for height in relation to boundary adjoining lower density zones:

(a) refer to Policy H6.3(1);

(b) refer to Policy H6.3(2);

(c) refer to Policy H6.3(4);

(d) refer to Policy H6.3(5); and

(e) refer to Policy H6.3(6).

(9) for yards:

(a) refer to Policy H6.3(1);

(b) refer to Policy H6.3(2);

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PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

(c) refer to Policy H6.3(4); and

(d) refer to Policy H6.3(5).

[new text to be inserted]

(10) for maximum impervious areas:

PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

(a) refer to Policy H6.3(8).

(11) for building coverage:

(a) refer to Policy H6.3(1);

(b) refer to Policy H6.3(2);

PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

(c) refer to Policy H6.3(4);

(d) refer to Policy H6.3(5); and

(e) refer to Policy H6.3(6).

[new text to be inserted]

(12) for landscaped area:

(a) refer to Policy H6.3(1);

(b) refer to Policy H6.3(2);

PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

(c) refer to Policy H6.3(4); and

(d) refer to Policy H6.3(5).

[new text to be inserted]

(13) for outlook space:

(a) refer to Policy H6.3(1);

(b) refer to Policy H6.3(2);

PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

[new text to be inserted]

(c) refer to Policy H6.3(4);

(d) refer to Policy H6.3(5); and

(e) refer to Policy H6.3(6).

[new text to be inserted]

(14) for daylight:

(a) refer to Policy H6.3(2);

PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

[new text to be inserted]

- (b) refer to Policy H6.3(4);
- (c) refer to Policy H6.3(5); and
- (d) refer to Policy H6.3(6).

(15) for outdoor living space:

- (a) refer to Policy H6.3(1);
- (b) refer to Policy H6.3(2);

PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

[new text to be inserted]

- (c) refer to Policy H6.3(5);
- (d) refer to Policy H6.3(6); and
- (e) refer to Policy H6.3(7).

[new text to be inserted]

(16) For front, side and rear fences and walls:

- (a) refer to Policy H6.3(2);
- (b) refer to Policy H6.3(3);
- (c) refer to Policy H6.3(5); and
- (d) refer to Policy H6.3(6).

[new text to be inserted]

(17) For minimum dwelling size:

- (a) Policy H6.3(6)

[new text to be inserted]

H6.9. Special information requirements

PC 78 ([see Modifications](#))

There are no special information requirements in this zone.

[new text to be inserted]